# Do you have COVID-19 symptoms? Have you tested positive?

### How to isolate and quarantine



STAY SAFE. SAVE LIVES.

## Many people are getting COVID-19, the flu-like illness caused by coronavirus.

If you have a cough, fever, sore throat or have lost your sense of smell or taste, you probably have COVID-19.

Most people with COVID-19 get it mildly and recover completely at home within 5–7 days.



## If you have COVID-19 symptoms, you should seek healthcare and get a coronavirus test if:

- You are 55 years or older.
- You are an adult of any age with any of the following:
  - Diabetes
  - On TB treatment
  - HIV
  - Kidney disease
  - Hypertension
  - Previous TB
  - Chronic lung disease (e.g. asthma, emphysema, chronic bronchitis)
  - On cancer treatment.



- If you have COVID-19 symptoms, assume you have COVID-19, even if you have not had a COVID-19 test.
- If you are 55 years or older or have diabetes, call your healthcare provider or hotline to discuss your care.
- If you had a test and the result is negative, discuss with your healthcare provider or hotline what steps to take next.

### Contact your healthcare provider or the COVID-19 hotline

080 928 4102

(tollfree)

- 1 Keep separate from others
- 2 Seek care early if needed
- 3 Look after your physical health
- 4 Look after your mental health
- 5 Get help if you need it
- Know when it's safe to return to normal life



## Keep separate from others

### Do not leave home and separate yourself from others

- If you have COVID-19, you must isolate yourself: live separately from others to avoid spreading the virus.
- Stay at home in a separate room.
- Those at home need to quarantine from the public, separately from you, as they are your contacts and perhaps have COVID-19 too.



#### Consider staying elsewhere

- If you cannot stay separate from others at home, you may need to move to an isolation or quarantine facility to prevent the virus from spreading to others.
- This is especially important if you live with people who are at risk of severe COVID-19 – those over 55 years or who have chronic conditions, especially diabetes.



### Avoid spreading coronavirus at home

Wash your hands often.



Disinfect surfaces and objects you touch often with bleach solution.

Use separate dishes, towels and bedding. Wash in hot soapy water.





Use shared spaces alone and disinfect them after use.

### If you come into contact with others at home:

Wear masks.





Keep apart.

Open windows and doors.





Cough into your elbow.

Stay away from people at risk of severe COVID-19 — those over 55 years and those with chronic conditions (especially diabetes).



## Seek care early if needed

### Visit a healthcare facility urgently if you have:

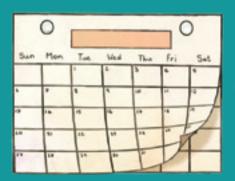
Difficulty breathing
Confusion
Chest pain or pressure that
won't go away
Cannot wake up completely
Sudden weakness of the arm,
the leg or side of the face
Sudden loss of speech or vision.



Call ahead. Avoid public transport.

If needed, call an ambulance.

### Contact your healthcare provider or hotline if:



- You are older than 55 years or have diabetes.
- You need to arrange for your medication to be delivered to your home.
- Your COVID-19 symptoms worsen or last longer than 7 days.
- You are still unwell after 10 days. It's important to exclude other conditions such as TB and chronic lung diseases.



# Look after your physical health

#### Manage your symptoms



Rest, drink plenty of fluids, eat healthy food and take paracetamol for pain or fever.

### Try to follow a healthy lifestyle



Eat a healthy diet.

Exercise at home every day.



Avoid smoking, alcohol, and drugs.

Look after your mental health.



#### **Look after your chronic condition**

- Take your medication correctly. If you've stopped it, restart it.
- Contact your healthcare facility:
  - if you have questions about your medication.
  - to arrange medication deliveries.
  - if you need help with managing your condition.





## Look after your mental health

### It can be stressful to have COVID-19



Stay in touch with family and friends.



Have a routine for your day.



Get enough sleep.



Speak to someone you trust to share your worries.



## Get help if you need it

#### You need help to stay at home

- Ask others to do your groceries and errands so you can stay home.
- Arrange for your medication to be delivered to your home.
- Seek healthcare early if you are unwell.





Know when it's safe to return to normal life

### When to stop separation and return to normal life:

Ten days after your symptoms started if you had mild-moderate symptoms and isolated at home.





If you tested COVID-19 positive but never had symptoms, ten days after you had the test.

Fourteen days after you had close contact with someone with presumed or confirmed COVID-19.





Western Cape Government COVID-19 Hotline 021 928 4102 or

080 928 4102 (tollfree)

National Hotline

0800 029 999

National WhatsApp

0600 123 456

FOR MORE INFORMATION: www.westerncape.gov.za